Dera language

Dera (Dra, Dla) AKA **Mangguar** and **Kamberataro** (Komberatoro) is a <u>Senagi language</u> of <u>Papua New Guinea</u> and <u>Indonesia</u>. In Papua New Guinea, it is primarily spoken in Kamberataro village (3.611948°S 141.05719°E), <u>Amanab Rural LLG</u>, <u>Sandaun Province. [3][4]</u>

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Dialects

There are two dialects, namely *Dla proper* and *Menggwa Dla*. Dla proper is spoken in the three main villages of Kamberatoro Mission (3°36′S 141°03′E; 1299 feet) in Papua New Guinea, Amgotro Mission (3°38′S 140°58′E; 1969 feet) in West Papua, and Komando village in West Papua. Komando village was formerly a Dutch border post. Other Dla proper speaking villages in Papua New Guinea are Tamarbek (3.591701°S 141.055114°E), Akamari

Dera		
Native to	Indonesia, Papua New Guinea	
Region	Papua: Keerom Regency, 13 villages	
Native speakers	(1,700 cited 1987 in Indonesia, PNG undated) ^[1]	
Language family	Senagi Dera	
Language codes		
ISO 639-3	kbv	
Glottolog	dera1245 (htt p://glottolog.o rg/resource/lan guoid/id/dera12 45) ^[2]	
Coordinates: 3.611948°S 141.05719°E		

(3.597044°S 141.059233°E), New Kamberatoro; Old Kamberatoro, 'Border Village', Nimberatoro (3.625973°S 141.042369°E), Nindebai (3.64111°S 141.006033°E), Mamamora (3.653793°S 141.020182°E), Yamamainda (3.669519°S 141.033445°E), Orkwanda (3.647337°S 141.081231°E), and Lihen (3.623834°S 141.117364°E). West Papua, Indonesia has the Dla villages of Amgotro, Komando, Indangan, Mongwefi, Buku, and Agrinda, which are mostly located in Yaffi District, Keerom Regency. [5]

Menggwa Dla, the less populous of the two dialects, is spoken in five villages located between Kamberatoro Mission and Komando village, which are Menggau, Wahai (3.580863°S 141.029277°E), Ambofahwa (alternatively known as Wahai N° 2), Wanggurinda (3.580396°S 141.028671°E; 3°34′59″S, 141°01′41″E) in Papua New Guinea, and Menggwal (3°33′53″S, 140°59′04″E) in West Papua. [5]

Status

Dla (Dera) speakers are shifting to <u>Tok Pisin</u> and <u>Papuan Malay</u>. De Sousa (2006) reports that the younger generation born in the 1990s or later usually cannot speak Dera fluently, whereas the older generation remains fluent.^[5]

Phonology

Dera has 14 consonants (4 less than Angor), which are: [6]

р	t		k
b	d		g
ф	s		х
m	n		
	r		
w		j	

Dera has 5 vowels (2 less than Angor), which are: [6]

i	u
е	0
a	

References

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- Foley, William A. (2018). "The Languages of the Sepik-Ramu Basin and Environs". In Palmer, Bill (ed.). The Languages and Linguistics of the New Guinea Area: A Comprehensive Guide. The World of Linguistics. 4. Berlin: De Gruyter Mouton. pp. 197–432. ISBN 978-3-11-028642-7.

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